The operating room is an increasingly specialized and complex practice area. Technology advances rapidly, and consumers of perioperative care demand safe, quality treatment.

“Surgical intervention requires a well-honed team of experts that trust each other, from the physicians to nurses and surgical techs,” Larry Asplin, RN, MS, CNOR, RT(R), president of the Competency & Credentialing Institute (CCI), the organization that administers the CNOR certification program for perioperative nurses, said.

“In my experience, certified nurses are knowledgeable on a broader range of topics, which leads to more credibility with their team members.”

Environment requires more

State licensure has historically been used to demonstrate that nurses have the necessary knowledge to perform their jobs. Today, the environment requires more. The value of voluntary certification, in this case the CNOR credential, has grown to meet this demand. While licensure and registration for nurses demonstrates minimal competence, specialty certification denotes a more advanced level of knowledge and practice in a specialty area.

Since the CNOR program was launched in 1979, nearly 33,000 nurses have voluntarily earned the credential. In the past 3 years, the total number of certificants has increased nearly 10%.

Perioperative nursing is not the only certification program that has experienced growth; according to the American Board of Nursing Specialties (ABNS), the membership association for the industry. The ABNS membership represents more than 500,000 certified nurses.

Research has not conclusively linked CNOR certification or other specialty certifications to better patient outcomes. Many believe, however, that the recruitment and retention of perioperative nurses, who exemplify the qualities associated with certification, including expert knowledge, clinical judgment, and professionalism, positively influence patient safety and satisfaction.

Certification and empowerment

Nursing retention is a key strategy for addressing the workforce shortage. Organizations that certify nurses are beginning to investigate how certification may affect feelings of empowerment in the workplace and nurses’ intent to leave their positions or the profession.

A 2010 article in the American Journal of Critical Care summarizes the efforts of the American Association of Critical-Care Nurses (AACN) and the AACN Certification Corporation to determine if and how certification affects empowerment.

AACN’s research study was built on a larger organizational theory that argues that employees who have access to empowerment structures (more autonomy, opportunities for growth and learning, etc) are more effective at work.

The results showed significant differences in total empowerment scores between AACN-certified nurses and noncertified nurses. Further, nurses who held AACN certification and another national certification, such as the CNOR, had the highest empowerment scores.

Though limited in scope, the study adds to the literature on the concept of certification and empowerment and poses a question to managers and employers: If certification may enhance feelings of empowerment, and if a nurse values certification, how can the institution do more to support it?

What perioperative nurses value

Understanding what perioperative nurses value is critical to their retention. Since nurses are often the driving force behind perioperative safety, it is essential that organizations support their development and recognition of the value they bring to their practice area.

Studying enhances critical thinking skills.

Certification provides nurses with knowledge and expertise that enhances their ability to think critically and make informed decisions. It equips them with the skills and competencies necessary to provide high-quality care in the rapidly changing field of perioperative medicine.

Since certification requires ongoing professional development, it encourages nurses to continuously learn and improve their skills. This not only benefits patient care but also contributes to the nurse’s personal and professional growth.

Certification also gives nurses a competitive advantage in the job market. Employers often seek nurses with certifications as they are perceived as more knowledgeable and skilled. This can lead to better job opportunities and higher salaries.

In conclusion, certification is a valuable asset for perioperative nurses. It equips them with the knowledge and skills necessary to provide safe, quality care while enhancing their professional development. Organizations that support certification are investing in their nurses and ultimately in the quality of care provided to patients.
tive nurses value is one way for surgical departments and hospitals to ensure they are hiring and retaining nurses with these skills and fulfilling their responsibility to their patients.

“I have found with my staff that the rigorous undertaking of studying for the CNOR exam enhances their critical thinking skills,” said Asplin, who works at St Cloud Hospital in St Cloud, Minnesota.

In 2003, CCI conducted a large-scale research project to answer the question of what a perioperative nurse values. Responses by participants revealed that certified perioperative nurses perceived the value of their certification to be in 3 areas: personal values, recognition by others, and professional practice.

Nurses who earned the CNOR credential felt a strong sense of personal accomplishment and satisfaction and expressed confidence in their clinical abilities. The respondents also agreed strongly with statements that indicated certification:

- validates specialized knowledge
- indicates professional growth
- indicates attainment of a practice standard
- provides evidence of professional commitment
- provides professional challenge
- enhances professional credibility.

The research CCI conducted using the proprietary Perceived Value of Certification Tool has been replicated across different nursing specialties and by ABNS with similar results.

“Nursing is a profession; it’s not just a job,” Jay Bowers, RN, BSN, CNOR, a clinical educator and CNOR-certified nurse responsible for 18 operating rooms at West Virginia University Hospital, said. “As a certified nurse, I am required to continue my education, and that better not only me but also my patients and peers.”

**CNOR credential**

The CNOR credential is awarded for a 5-year period, during which candidates must participate in activities to enhance their knowledge and ensure they stay current with their practice.

Recertification is an essential element of the credentialing process. If certification provides some assurance to employers and the public of the certified nurse’s achievements, it is reasonable to provide that assurance at more than one time in an individual’s career.

The research that CCI and other certifying bodies conducted allowed the industry to start to quantify what value certification carries for fellow nurses, patients, and employers. The study showed that intrinsic factors (accomplishment, accountability, professional challenge) are strong motivators for earning the CNOR, but extrinsic forces also play into the equation.

“The leadership at my hospital very much understands how important certification is and supports it as part of our overall professional development,” Jim Stobinski, RN, MSN, CNOR, director of surgical services at St Luke’s Regional Medical Center in Boise, Idaho, said. “We address certification in all of our job descriptions and, all other factors being equal, prefer to hire certified nurses.”

**Hospitals and certification**

CCI conducted a survey of certificants attending the 2010 AORN Congress to gather information on how hospitals supported certification (sidebar).

Stobinski’s own job performance evaluation includes metrics related to his staff’s performance on the CNOR exam. Certification, he reports, also played an important role in St Luke’s achievement of Magnet Status from the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC).

ANCC’s Magnet Recognition Program recognizes health care organizations where nursing excellence is prevalent. Professional certification contributes to the ability of a hospital to earn Magnet Status. Organizations must supply evidence that they support professional development and certification.

**Encouraging candidates**

Brenda Edwin, RN, BSN, a 35-year veteran of the OR and surgical services educator at Houston Northwest Medical Center in Houston, Texas, is spearheading her department’s efforts to ensure that the 40 eligible perioperative nurses successfully pass the CNOR exam. The hospital’s desire for Magnet Status was a catalyst for the effort, but Edwin says certification also contributes to the high quality of care her team provides.

“The bottom line is that CNOR certification will make me the best practitioner in the OR that I can be, and I will be a better advocate for my patients’ safety because of it,” she said. “Earning this certification is a personal accomplishment that shows nurses that they know and
understand the latest in caring for their patients.”

One factor limiting access to certification is cost. The exam fee is $295 for AORN members and $375 for nonmembers. Employers can help eliminate this barrier by providing reimbursement for exam fees.

“Our managers went to bat for the nurses who wanted the CNOR by covering the initial exam fee,” Edwin said.

More importantly, managers and employers can create a culture in their surgical departments that promotes certification as an element to improving patient safety.

“Certification is a pathway to help nurses fulfill their desire for professional achievement and growth and embrace their position not just as a job, but as a career,” Asplin said. “We demand a board-certified surgeon. Why wouldn’t we demand our nurses be board certified also?”

—Cynthia Allen, MA
Communications Consultant
Competency & Credentialing Institute

References